BLOOD IS BLOOD Endre Farkas and Carolyn Marie Souaid Signature Editions \$19.95, paper, 48pp ISBN 1897109466

Endre Farkas and Carolyn Marie Souaid have prepared a DVD and book that remind us that Arabs and Jews are both Semites, and that, as in the Yin and Yang symbol, each zone of interacting black or white has a dot of the opposite colour at the heart of it. Farkas is a Hungarian immigrant, the child of Holocaust survivors. Souaid has Lebanese Arab ancestry – Christian rather than Muslim. Their work juxtaposes a series of statements by "Jew" with statements by "Arab," printed on facing pages and exploiting parallelism and contrast. The best pair of statements contrasts the Jew's ideas for whimsical Passover games (use marshmallows to simulate the Plagueof Hail!) with a long list of Wartime Emergency Provisions by the Arab. The horror of stockpiling for war reminds us of the emergency that Passover commemorates: how deeply conflict is embedded in the Middle East. Vituperation and recriminations eventually give way to statements of love (treasonous though they might be, ideologically) and to a celebration of Arab and Jew sitting on their balconies and enjoying the same evening, something like the Biblical image of Everyman sitting under his own fig tree. The real impact of the work is in the "video-poem" on the DVD, which the reader should play before reading the book. Shot mostly in black and white by the talented videographer Martin Reisch, the film provides a backdrop of relevant images as the poets read the text. There is an informative website for the project at www.bloodisblood.com. The poem ends ambiguously with en face lines that say, "Let us take an eye for an eye till everyone is blind," which is perhaps a variation on the saying attributed to Mahatma Gandhi, "an eye for an eye leaves everyone blind." Souaid and Farkas provide us with a grim reminder of vengeful elements in Mosaic and Sharia law, but they also imply that revenge might exhaust itself into tolerance, that survivors might become blind to differences.

Bert Almon